

Exhibit V. Grace Farms East Preliminary Geotechnical Engineering Report

April 2, 2013

Baton Rouge Area Chamber
564 Laurel Street
Baton Rouge, LA 70801

Attention : Jim A. Cavanaugh
Site Development Director
Email: jim@brac.org
Phone: (225) 339-1163

Re: **Geotechnical Site Evaluation Report**
Grace Farms East Site Evaluation
Ramah, Louisiana
PSI Project No. 0193481-01

Dear Mr. Cavanaugh:

Professional Service Industries, Inc. is pleased to submit our Site Evaluation Report for the above referenced project. This report includes the results of field and laboratory testing, and information regarding the compatibility of this site with industrial development, suitability of soils for building foundations and on site roadways, requirements of soil augmentation for construction of a typical 100,000 sq. ft. industrial manufacturing building and depth of groundwater.

We appreciate the opportunity to perform this Geotechnical Engineering Study and look forward to continuing participation during the design and construction phases of this project. If you have any questions pertaining to this report, or if we may be of further service, please contact our office.

Respectfully submitted,
PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.



Steven L. Gunter, P.E.
Department Manager
Geotechnical Services

Name: Steven L. Gunter, P.E.
Date: April 2, 2013
License No.: 30561

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GEOTECHNICAL SITE EVALUATION REPORT

**GRACE FARMS EAST SITE
RAMAH, LOUISIANA
PSI PROJECT NO.: 0193481-01**

PREPARED FOR

**BATON ROUGE AREA CHAMBER
564 LAUREL STREET
BATON ROUGE, LA 70801**

APRIL 2, 2013

**BY
PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.
11950 INDUSTRIPLEX BLVD.
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70809**

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PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Authorization

Professional Service Industries, Inc. (PSI) has completed a geotechnical site evaluation study for "Grace Farms East", located in Ramah, Louisiana. Our services were provided in general accordance with PSI Proposal No. 193-90391-01, dated March 7, 2013. Authorization to provide our services was provided by Mr. Jim Cavanaugh (Site Development Director with the Baton Rouge Area Chamber) whom signed our Proposal on March 8, 2013.

Project Description

The site for the requested geotechnical site evaluation is 450 to 500 acres in size and is located north of Interstate I10 and east of Hwy. 3000 in Ramah, Louisiana. Primary objectives for this preliminary report are to provide information regarding the compatibility of this site with industrial development, suitability of soils for building foundations and on-site roadways, requirements of soil augmentation for construction of a typical 100,000 sq. ft. industrial manufacturing building, depth to "stiff" soils and the depth of the free groundwater table.

This geotechnical site evaluation report shall provide an initial baseline of the site subsurface conditions that will likely be encountered during future site development. However, as with any geotechnical investigation, particularly given the size of this project site and relatively limited number of borings performed, variations between borings may and should be expected to exist, and there remains a distinct possibility that other conditions may exist on site that were not encountered within the scope of this exploration.

The opinions and information to be presented in this report are estimates for preliminary consideration only, are based on limited geotechnical exploration, and are not to be used for final design and construction.

Purpose and Scope of Services

The purposes of PSI's geotechnical services are to:

- Drill 3 borings to a terminal depth of 25 feet below existing grade and 1 boring to a terminal depth of 80 feet below existing grade across the site per the client's recommendations;
- Evaluate subsurface soil conditions and depth-to-water at the project site;
- Perform laboratory tests on soil samples recovered from the project site; and,
- Provide information regarding the compatibility of this site with industrial development, suitability of soils for building foundations and on-site roadways, requirements of soil augmentation for construction of a typical 100,000 sq. ft. industrial manufacturing building and depth of groundwater.

The scope of services did not include an environmental assessment for determining the presence or absence of wetlands, or hazardous or toxic materials in the soil, surface water, groundwater, or air on or below, or around this site. Any statements in this report or on the boring logs regarding odors, colors, and unusual or suspicious items or conditions are strictly for informational purposes. Prior to development of this site, an environmental assessment is advisable.

Additionally, PSI did not provide any service to investigate or detect the presence of moisture, mold or other biological contaminants in or around any structure, or any service that was designed

or intended to prevent or lower the risk of the occurrence or the amplification of the same. Client acknowledges that mold is ubiquitous to the environment with mold amplification occurring when building materials are impacted by moisture. Client further acknowledges that site conditions are outside of PSI's control, and that mold amplification will likely occur, or continue to occur, in the presence of moisture. As such, PSI cannot and shall not be held responsible for the occurrence or recurrence of mold amplification.

SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Site Location and Description

The project site is located just north of Interstate I10 and east of Hwy. 3000 in Ramah, Louisiana (as illustrated on the Site Vicinity Map provided on Figure No. 1 in the Appendix). The site currently exists as a cultivated field for agricultural purposes. At the time of the field exploration, the ground surface generally appeared topographically level, firm and was generally dry. The PSI truck-mounted drill rig was limited in its movements to the headlands and field roads at this site. Movement with the truck rig within the cultivated field was not possible at the time of our field exploration.

Field Exploration

The field exploration included mobilization to the site by a PSI drilling crew, drilling of the soil borings, and recovering soil samples. Boring B-1 was drilled and sampled to a depth of about 80 feet below existing grade. Three (3) additional soil borings (i.e., Borings B-2 through B-4) were drilled and sampled to a terminal depth of about 25 feet below existing grade at random locations across the site (as illustrated in the Boring Location Plan on Figure No. 2 in the Appendix). As noted previously, the borings were advanced using a truck-mounted drill rig equipped with a rotary head and hollow-stem flight augers. Boring B-1 was drilled utilizing wet-rotary drilling techniques, while Borings B-2 through B-4 were drilled and sampled utilizing hollow stem augers. Drilling and sampling activities were performed in general accordance with referenced ASTM procedures or other accepted methods. The shallow soil borings (i.e., 25 feet deep) were backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion of drilling and groundwater observations while the deeper soil boring (i.e., the 80 feet deep) was backfilled with a cement/bentonite grout mixture per LA DOTD requirements.

Undisturbed samples of cohesive soils were generally obtained using three (3) inch diameter thin-wall tube samplers (Shelby tube) in general accordance with the procedures for "Thin-Walled Tube Geotechnical Sampling of Soils" (ASTM D1587). These samples were extruded in the field with a hydraulic ram and were identified according to boring number and depth, wrapped in aluminum foil, placed in polyethylene plastic wrapping to protect against moisture loss and transported to the laboratory in containers to minimize disturbance.

For cohesionless soils, Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were performed to obtain standard penetration values of the soil. The standard penetration value (N) is defined as the number of blows of a 140-pound hammer, falling 30 inches, required to advance the split-barrel sampler 1-foot into the soil. To perform the test and obtain a sample, the sampler is lowered to the bottom of the previously cleaned drill hole and advanced by blows from the hammer. The number of blows is recorded for each of three successive increments of six inches penetration. The "N" value is obtained by adding the second and third incremental numbers. The results of the standard penetration test indicate the relative density of cohesionless soils, and thereby provide a basis for

estimating the relative strength and compressibility of the soil profile components. Soil samples were obtained utilizing a two-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler in general accordance with procedures for "Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils" (ASTM D 1586). These samples were identified according to boring number and depth, placed in polyethylene plastic wrapping to protect against moisture loss and transported to the laboratory.

Laboratory Testing

Selected soil samples were tested in the laboratory to determine material properties for our evaluation. Visual classifications were performed in the laboratory. Physical testing included determination of moisture contents, Atterberg limits classification testing and unconfined compressive strength tests (to supplement the field pocket penetrometer testing). The laboratory testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM procedures. Samples not altered by laboratory testing will be retained for sixty (60) days from the date of this report and then be discarded.

Subsurface Conditions

Boring B-1 generally disclosed about two (2) inches of topsoil underlain by silt to about 2 feet below grade. Underlying this silt soil, lean clay was disclosed to about 5 feet underlain by sand with clay to about 6 feet further underlain by silt to about 8 feet below grade. Underlying this silt layer, fat clay was disclosed from about 8 feet to about 63 feet below existing grade. A thick silt stratum extends from about 63 feet to about 78 feet where a dense gray sand material was disclosed to the boring termination depth of 80 feet below existing grade.

Borings B-2 through B-4 generally disclosed lean clay soil to about 8 to 13 feet below existing grade. Beneath this depth, fat clay soil was disclosed to the boring termination depth of about 25 feet below existing grade. Exceptions occurred in Borings B-2 and B-4 where silt soils were disclosed to 3 feet and 2 feet, respectively, below grade. Also, in Boring B-4, a sand layer was disclosed between 8 and 9 feet below existing grade.

The above subsurface description is generalized in nature to highlight the major subsurface stratification features and material characteristics. The boring logs included in the Appendix should be reviewed for specific information at the individual boring locations. These records include soil descriptions, stratifications, penetration resistances, locations of the samples, and laboratory test data. The stratifications shown on the boring logs represent the conditions only at the actual boring locations. Variations may occur and should be expected between boring locations. The stratifications represent the approximate boundary between subsurface materials and the actual transition may be gradual.

Groundwater Information

The free groundwater table was encountered in Borings B-2 through B-4 during PSI's drilling operations at depths ranging from 7 to 10 feet below existing grade. In Boring B-4, the water level rose from 7 feet to 5 feet beneath existing grade in 15 minutes. Boring B-1 was drilled using wet rotary techniques, therefore no groundwater readings were measured in this boring. It should be noted that groundwater level fluctuations may occur due to seasonal and climatic variations, alteration of drainage patterns, land usage and ground cover. We recommend the Contractor determine the actual groundwater levels at the time construction activities begin.

EVALUATION AND DISCUSSIONS

The type and depth of foundation suitable for a given structure primarily depends on several factors including the subsurface conditions, the function of the structure, the loads it may carry, the cost of the foundation and the criteria set by the Design Engineer with respect to vertical and differential movement which the structure can withstand without damage.

Based on the limited number of soil borings, field data and laboratory test results, the proposed site is generally feasible for industrial development. The subsurface soils explored are suitable for building foundations and site roadways. Detailed column loads for a typical 100,000 sq. ft. industrial manufacturing building were not provided at the time of this study; however, the structural column loads are anticipated to be on the order of 60 to 100 kips with wall loads on the order of 3.0 kips per lineal foot.

Foundation systems may include shallow foundations, mat foundations, deep foundations such as driven piles or auger cast-in place piles for this project. Pile foundations are recommended for the support of the heavy structures or settlement sensitive structures. The choice of type of deep foundation should be based on the tolerance criteria for the performance of the structures and economics of construction. Lightly loaded structures can generally be supported on shallow spread footings/grade beam system, or mat foundations. These foundations will be governed by the anticipated load and settlement tolerances.

As stated previously, the opinions and information presented in this site evaluation report are estimates for preliminary consideration only, and are based on a very limited geotechnical exploration, and are not to be used for final design and construction.

REPORT LIMITATIONS

The preliminary information submitted in this report is based on the available subsurface data obtained by PSI at the time of our field exploration. PSI warrants that the preliminary findings contained herein have been made in accordance with generally accepted drilling procedures and visual soil classification methods in the local area. No other warranties are implied or expressed. This letter has been prepared for the exclusive use of the Baton Rouge Area Chamber for the specific purpose of determining general subsurface information at the site of the referenced project. Upon authorization through a supplemental services agreement, PSI will be available to perform a thorough geotechnical study and provide complete and final recommendations.

APPENDIX



SITE VICINITY MAP



GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES
 GRACE FARMS EAST SITE EVALUATION
 RAMAH LOUISIANA

DATE: 03/2013

DRAWN: JG

SHEET NO.: 1

PSI PROJECT NO.: 0193481-01

CHKD: SG

psi Information
 To Build On
 Engineering • Consulting • Testing

BORING LOCATION PLAN – GRACE FARMS EAST



GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES
GRACE FARMS EAST SITE EVALUATION
RAMAH, LOUISIANA

DATE:
03/2013

DRAWN
JG

SHEET NO.:
2

PSI PROJECT NO.: 0193481-01

CHKD:
SG

 APPROXIMATE BORING LOCATION

psi Information
To Build On
Engineering • Consulting • Testing

LOG OF BORING B-1
GRACE FARMS EAST
IBERVILLE PARISH PARISH, LOUISIANA

TYPE OF BORING: WET ROTARY

PROJECT NUMBER: 0193481-01

DEPTH, FEET	SOIL	USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SAMPLES	COORDINATE LAT: N30°24'41.4" COORDINATE LON: W91°29'52.8" SURFACE ELEVATION: NOT RECORDED BORING LOCATION PLAN: APPENDIX SHEET NO. 2	SPT-N (BLOWS/FOOT)	Hand Pen. (tsf)	Torvane (tsf)	UC (tsf) (D2166) (unconfined compressive strength)	UU (tsf) (D2850) (undrained shear strength)	UNIT DRY WT. (lbs/ft ³)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	% PASSING NO. 200
				SOIL DESCRIPTION											
		ML		2" Topsoil; Hard, brown SILT w/ clay, roots, ferrous nodules and stains		4.50					16.3				
		CL		Firm, gray and brown lean CLAY w/ sand, sand lenses, silt, ferrous nodules and stains		1.00					33.3	32	17	15	
5		CL		Firm, brown lean CLAY w/ ferrous nodules and sand partings											
		SC		Brown SAND w/ clay and ferrous nodules		0.75					24.9				
		ML		Gray SILT w/ clay and ferrous stains		0.25	0.13				29.2				
10		CH		Very soft, gray fat CLAY w/ ferrous nodules, organics and wood fragments			0.20				78.8				
				-becoming soft; slickensided											
15						1.00		0.48		83	33.7				
20		CH		Stiff, bluish gray fat CLAY w/ organic stains (18'-20'), ferrous nodules and stains; slickensided		1.25					34.7				
				-w/ organics; slickensided											
25						1.00					43.2				
30				Firm, gray fat CLAY w/ ferrous stains (28'-30') and organics (28'-55')		0.75	0.75				53.4				
				-becoming soft w/ organic stains (33'-45') and wood fragments (33'-35')				0.28			56.3				
35															
40				-w/ calcareous nodules (38'-40'); jointed		0.25	0.30				59.8				
				-becoming firm											
45						0.50		0.64		63	57.4				
				-becoming soft w/ shells and light gray fat clay partings (48'-50')											
50						0.25	0.30				70.7				

DEPTH OF BORING: 80 FEET

DEPTH TO FREE GROUNDWATER: NOT ENCOUNTERED

DATE DRILLED: Thursday, March 14, 2013



Geotechnical Consulting Services
 Baton Rouge, Louisiana

LOG OF BORING B-1
GRACE FARMS EAST
IBERVILLE PARISH PARISH, LOUISIANA

TYPE OF BORING: WET ROTARY

PROJECT NUMBER: 0193481-01

DEPTH, FEET	SOIL	USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SAMPLES	COORDINATE LAT: N30°24'41.4" COORDINATE LON: W91°29'52.8" SURFACE ELEVATION: NOT RECORDED BORING LOCATION PLAN: APPENDIX SHEET NO. 2	SPT-N (BLOWS/FOOT)	Hand Pen. (tsf)	Torvane (tsf)	UC (tsf) (D2166) (unconfined compressive strength)	UU (tsf) (D2850) (undrained shear strength)	UNIT DRY WT. (lbs/ft ³)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	% PASSING NO. 200
				SOIL DESCRIPTION											
55				-jointed and slickensided		0.50					83.7				
60				Stiff, dark gray and brown fat CLAY w/ organics; slickensided		1.00					41.6				
65				-slickensided		1.25		0.56		78	43.1				
70		ML		Gray SILT w/ sand sand ferrous nodules		1.00					28.8				
75				-becoming medium dense	24						30.7				
80		SM		Dense, dark gray SAND	42						25.1				
				Boring terminated @ 80 feet Boring backfilled with cement/bentonite grout											
85															
90															
95															
100															

DEPTH OF BORING: 80 FEET

DEPTH TO FREE GROUNDWATER: NOT ENCOUNTERED

DATE DRILLED: Thursday, March 14, 2013



Geotechnical Consulting Services
 Baton Rouge, Louisiana

LOG OF BORING B-2
GRACE FARMS EAST
IBERVILLE PARISH, LOUISIANA

TYPE OF BORING: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER

PROJECT NUMBER: 0193481-01

DEPTH, FEET	SOIL	USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SAMPLES	COORDINATE LAT: N30°24'15.2" COORDINATE LON: W91°30'04.3" SURFACE ELEVATION: NOT RECORDED BORING LOCATION PLAN: APPENDIX SHEET NO. 2	SPT-N (BLOWS/FOOT)	Hand Pen. (tsf)	Torvane (tsf)	UC (tsf) (D2166) (unconfined compressive strength)	UU (tsf) (D2850) (undrained shear strength)	UNIT DRY WT. (lbs/ft ³)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	% PASSING NO. 200
				SOIL DESCRIPTION											
		ML		2" Topsoil; Brown SILT w/ clay, gravel and grass							7.1				
		ML		Firm, tan and gray SILT											
5		CL		Firm, gray lean CLAY w/ organics, ferrous nodules and stains		0.75					39.6				
		CL		Soft, gray and brown lean CLAY w/ silt, ferrous nodules and stains		1.00					47.8				
		CL		Soft, gray and brown lean CLAY w/ silt, ferrous nodules and stains		0.25					39.7				
10		CL		Soft, gray lean CLAY w/ silt, wood fragments, organics, organic stains, ferrous nodules and stains ▼		0.50					35.5	44	21	23	
15		CH		Firm, gray fat CLAY w/ organic stains (13'-15'), organics, ferrous nodules and wood fragments (13'-20')		0.75					58.0				
20						1.00					57.7				
25				-w/ ferrous stains and organic stains		1.00					43.0				
				Boring terminated @ 25 feet Boring backfilled with soil cuttings											
30															
35															
40															
45															
50															

DEPTH OF BORING: 25 FEET

DEPTH TO FREE GROUNDWATER: 10 FEET

DATE DRILLED: Wednesday, March 13, 2013



Geotechnical Consulting Services
 Baton Rouge, Louisiana

LOG OF BORING B-3
GRACE FARMS EAST
IBERVILLE PARISH, LOUISIANA

TYPE OF BORING: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER

PROJECT NUMBER: 0193481-01

DEPTH, FEET	SOIL	USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SAMPLES	COORDINATE LAT: N30°24'51.3"		COORDINATE LON: W91°29'55.5"		SURFACE ELEVATION: NOT RECORDED		BORING LOCATION PLAN: APPENDIX SHEET NO. 2		SPT-N (BLOWS/FOOT)	Hand Pen. (tsf)	Torvane (tsf)	UC (tsf) (D2166) (unconfined compressive strength)	UU (tsf) (D2850) (undrained shear strength)	UNIT DRY WT. (lbs/ft ³)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	% PASSING NO. 200		
				SOIL DESCRIPTION																				
		CL		2" Topsoil; Brown SILT w/ clay, organics, grass, roots and sand (2" layer)									4.00						22.5					
		CL		Stiff, brown lean CLAY w/ silt, ferrous stains, organics and organic stains									1.50						22.0					
5		CL		Firm, gray lean CLAY w/ silt, organics, ferrous nodules and stains									1.00				90	27.0						
		CL		Firm, gray lean CLAY w/ ferrous stains, organics and sand partings									0.75						21.6					
10		CH		Firm, gray fat CLAY w/organics and organic stains									0.50						73.8					
15													0.75						49.1					
20				-w/ wood fragments (18'-20')									0.50		0.50		70	50.6	75	28	47			
25		CH		Stiff, light gray fat CLAY w/organic stains									1.00						38.2					
				Boring terminated @ 25 feet Boring backfilled with soil cuttings																				
30																								
35																								
40																								
45																								
50																								

DEPTH OF BORING: 25 FEET

DEPTH TO FREE GROUNDWATER: 7 FEET

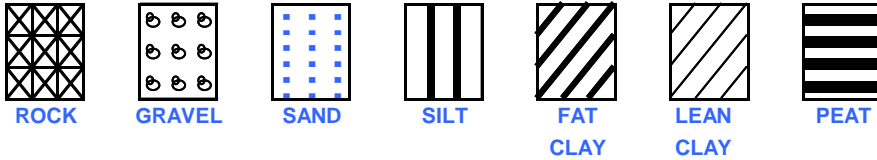
DATE DRILLED: Wednesday, March 13, 2013



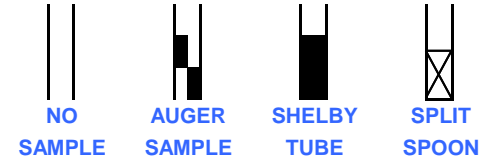
Geotechnical Consulting Services
 Baton Rouge, Louisiana

KEY TO TERMS AND SYMBOLS USED ON LOGS

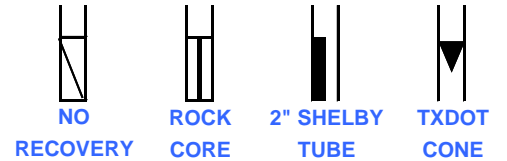
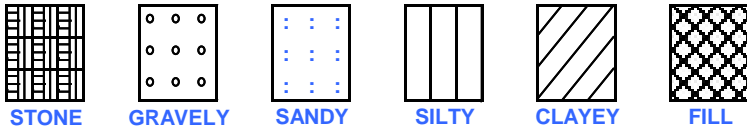
SOIL TYPE



SAMPLER TYPE



MODIFIERS



or CONCRETE

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM - ASTM D 2487 (1980)

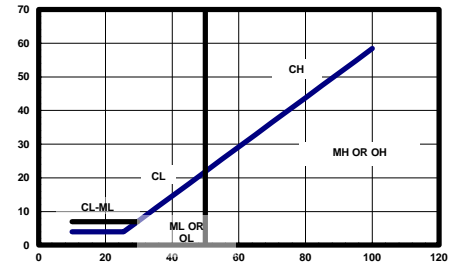
MAJOR DIVISIONS			LETTER SYMBOL	TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS		
COARSE GRAINED SOILS LESS THAN 50% PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	GRAVEL & GRAVELLY SOILS LESS THAN 50% PASSING NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN GRAVEL (LITTLE OR NO FINES)	GW	WELL GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES		
		POORLY GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES	GP	POORLY GRADED GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES		
		W/ APPRECIABLE FINES	GM	SILTY GRAVEL, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES		
		CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES	GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES		
	SANDS MORE THAN 50% PASSING NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN SANDS (LITTLE FINES)	SW	WELL GRADED SAND, GRAVELY SAND (LITTLE FINES)		
		POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELY SAND (L.FINES)	SP	POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELY SAND (L.FINES)		
		SANDS WITH APPREA. FINES	SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES		
		CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES	SC	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES		
		FINE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN 50% PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50	INORGANIC SILTS & VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILT W/ LOW PI	ML	INORGANIC SILTS & VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILT W/ LOW PI
				INORGANIC CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PI LEAN CLAY GRAVELY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS	CL	INORGANIC CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PI LEAN CLAY GRAVELY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS
ORGANIC SILTS & ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PI	OL			ORGANIC SILTS & ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PI		
SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS	MH	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS			
	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY FAT CLAYS	CH	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY FAT CLAYS			
	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MED TO HIGH PI, ORGANIC SILT	OH	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MED TO HIGH PI, ORGANIC SILT			
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOIL			PT	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		
UNCLASSIFIED FILL MATERIALS			ARTIFICIALLY DEPOSITED AND OTHER UNCLASSIFIED SOILS AND MAN-MADE SOIL MIXTURES			

CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

CONSISTENCY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH IN TONS/FT ²
VERY SOFT	0.0 TO 0.25
SOFT	0.25 TO 0.50
FIRM	0.50 TO 1.0
STIFF	1.0 TO 2.0
VERY STIFF	2.0 TO 4.0
HARD	> 4.0 OR 4.0+

RELATIVE DENSITY - GRANULAR SOILS

CONSISTENCY	N-VALUE (BLOWS/FOOT)
VERY LOOSE	0-4
LOOSE	4-9
MEDIUM DENSE	10-29
DENSE	30-49
VERY DENSE	> 50 OR 50+



ABBREVIATIONS

HP - HAND PENETROMETER UC - UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST
 TV - TORVANE UU - UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL
 MV - MINIATURE VANE CU - CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED

▼ GROUNDWATER FIRST ENCOUNTERED
 ▽ 24-HOUR GROUNDWATER READING

CLASSIFICATION OF GRANULAR SOILS

U.S. STANDARD SIEVE SIZE(S)

	6"	3"	3/4"	4	10	40	200			
BOUL- -DERS										
COBBLES										
		GRAVEL		SAND						
		COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE		SILT OR CLAY	CLAY	
	152	76.2	19.1	4.76	2.0	0.42	0.074		0.002	
				GRAIN SIZE IN MM						

